Designation: F 441/F 441M - 02

Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 441/F 441M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (CPVC) pipe made in Schedule 40 and 80 sizes and pressure-rated for water (see appendix). Included are criteria for classifying CPVC plastic pipe materials and CPVC plastic pipe, a system of nomenclature for CPVC plastic pipe, and requirements and test methods for materials, workmanship, dimensions, sustained pressure, burst pressure, flattening, and extrusion quality. Methods of marking are also given.

Note 1—The CPVC pipe covered by this specification was covered previously in Specification D 1785.

Note 2—The sustained and burst pressure test requirements, and the pressure ratings in the appendix, are calculated from stress values obtained from tests made on pipe 2 in. [50 mm] and smaller. However, tests on larger pipe have shown these stress values to be valid.

1.2 The products covered by this specification are intended for use with the distribution of pressurized liquids only, which are chemically compatible with the piping materials. Due to inherent hazards associated with testing components and systems with compressed air or other compressed gases some manufacturers do not allow pneumatic testing of their products. Consult with specific product/component manufacturers for their specific testing procedures prior to pneumatic testing.

Note 3—Pressurized (compressed) air or other compressed gases contain large amounts of stored energy which present serious saftey hazards should a system fail for any reason.

- 1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes, and appendixes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.
- 1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall

be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 8, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* A specific precautionary statement is given in Note 6.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing²
- D 1598 Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure³
- D 1599 Test Method for Short-Time Hydraulic Failure Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings³
- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics²
- D 1784 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds²
- D 1785 Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80, and 120³
- D 2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings³
- D 2837 Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials³
- F 412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems³ 2.2 *Federal Standard:*
- Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)⁴ 2.3 *Military Standard:*

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage⁴

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.25 on Vinyl Based Pipe.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.04.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

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2.4 NSF Standards:

Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials⁵

Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water Systems Components—Health Effects⁵

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F 412, and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D 1600, unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) is CPVC.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 hydrostatic design stress—the estimated maximum tensile stress the material is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur. This stress is circumferential when internal hydrostatic water pressure is applied.
- 3.2.2 *pressure rating (PR)*—the estimated maximum water pressure the pipe is capable of withstanding continuously with a high degree of certainty that failure of the pipe will not occur.
- 3.2.3 relation between dimensions, design stress, and pressure rating—The following expression, commonly known as the ISO equation,⁶ is used in this specification to relate dimensions, hydrostatic design stress, and pressure rating:

$$2 S/P = (D_O/t) - 1$$

where:

S = hydrostatic design stress, psi [MPa],

P = pressure rating, psi [MPa],

 D_{O} = average outside diameter, in. [mm], and

t = minimum wall thickness, in. [mm].

3.2.4 standard thermoplastic pipe materials designation code—The pipe materials designation code shall consist of the abbreviation CPVC for the type of plastic, followed by the ASTM type and grade in Arabic numerals and the design stress in units of 100 psi (0.7 MPa) with any decimal figures dropped. When the design stress code contains less than two figures, a cipher shall be used before the number. Thus a complete material code shall consist of four letters and four figures for CPVC plastic pipe materials (see Section 5).

4. Classification

- 4.1 *General*—This specification covers CPVC pipe made from one (see X1.2) CPVC plastic pipe material in Schedule 40 and 80 sizes.
- 4.2 *Hydrostatic Design Stresses*—This specification covers CPVC pipe made from CPVC plastic as defined by hydrostatic design stresses which have been developed on the basis of long-term tests (see appendix).

5. Materials

5.1 General—Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) plastics used to make pipe meeting the requirements of this specification are categorized by means of two criteria, namely, (1) short-term

strength tests and (2) long-term hydrostatic strength tests at both 73 and 180°F [23 and 82°C].

5.2 Basic Materials—This specification covers CPVC pipe made from compounds meeting the requirements of Class 23447 as defined in Specification D 1784. The materials shall have Hydrostatic Design Stress (HDS) listings equal to or greater than 2000 psi [13.80 MPa] at 73°F [23°C] and 500 psi [3.45 MPa] at 180°F [82°C] when evaluated in accordance with Test Method D 2837.

Note 4—Mechanical strength, heat resistance, flammability, and chemical resistance properties are covered in Specification D 1784.

5.3 Rework Material—The manufacturers shall use only their own clean rework pipe material and the pipe produced shall meet all the requirements of this specification.

6. Requirements

- 6.1 Dimensions and Tolerances:
- 6.1.1 Dimensions and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 1 and Table 2 when measured in accordance with Test Method D 2122. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply only to pipe prior to shipment.
- 6.1.2 Wall Thickness Range—The wall thickness range shall not exceed 12 % when measured in accordance with Test Method D 2122.
- 6.2 Sustained Pressure—The pipe shall not fail, balloon, burst, or weep as defined in Test Method D 1598, at the test pressures given in Table 3, when tested in accordance with 8.4.
- 6.2.1 Accelerated Regression Test—The accelerated regression test shall be used in place of both the sustained and burst pressure tests at the option of the manufacturer. The test shall be conducted in accordance with 8.4.1. The pipe shall demonstrate a hydrostatic design basis projection at the $100\,000$ h intercept that meets the hydrostatic design basis category requirement (see Table 1, Test Method D 2837) for the CPVC material used in its manufacture. If the lower confidence value at $100\,000$ h differs from the extrapolated LTHS value by more than $15\,\%$ of the latter; or M in Appendix X2 (Test Method D 2837) is zero or negative; or b in the equation b = a + bf in Appendix X1 (Test Method D 2837) is positive, consider the data unsuitable.
- 6.3 Burst Pressure—The minimum burst pressures for CPVC plastic pipe shall be as given in Table 4, when determined in accordance with Test Method D 1599.
- 6.4 *Flattening*—There shall be no evidence of splitting, cracking, or breaking when the pipe is tested in accordance with 8.5.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free from visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, or other defects. The pipe shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density, and other physical properties.

Note 5—Color and transparency or opacity should be specified in the contract or purchase order.

8. Test Methods

8.1 Conditioning—Condition the test specimens at 73.4 \pm 3.6°F [23 \pm 2°C] and 50 \pm 5 % relative humidity for not less

 $^{^{5}}$ Available from the National Sanitation Foundation, P.O. Box 1468, Ann Arbor, MI 48106.

⁶ ISO R 161-1960, Pipes of Plastics Materials for the Transport of Fluids (Outside Diameters and Nominal Pressures) Part 1, Metric Series.

TABLE 1 Outside Diameters and Tolerances for CPVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, in. [mm]

		Tolerances		
Nominal Pipe Size			Maximum Out-of-Roundness (maximum minus minimum diameter)	
	Outside Diameter		Schedule 40 sizes 3½in. and over; Schedule 80 sizes 8 in. and over	Schedule 40 sizes 3 in. and less; Schedule 80 sizes 6 in. and less
1/4 [8]	0.540 [13.7]	±0.004 [0.10]		0.016 (0.41)
3/8 [10]	0.675 [17.1]	±0.004 [0.10]		0.016 (0.41)
1/2 [15]	0.840 [21.3]	±0.004 [0.10]		0.016 (0.41)
3/4 [20]	1.050 [26.7]	±0.004 [0.10]		0.020 (0.51)
1 [25]	1.315 [33.4]	±0.005 [0.13]	•••	0.020 (0.51)
11/4[32]	1.660 [42.2]	±0.005 [0.13]	•••	0.024 (0.61)
11/2[40]	1.900 [48.3]	±0.006 [0.15]	•••	0.024 (0.61)
2 [50]	2.375 [60.3]	±0.006 [0.15]	•••	0.024 (0.61)
21/2[65]	2.875 [73.0]	±0.007 [0.18]		0.030 (0.76)
3 [80]	3.500 [88.9]	±0.008 [0.20]		0.030 (0.76)
31/2[90]	4.000 [101.6]	±0.008 [0.20]	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)
4 [100]	4.500 [114.3]	±0.009 [0.23]	0.100 (2.54)	0.030 (0.76)
5 [125]	5.563 [141.3]	±0.010 [0.25]	0.100 (2.54)	0.060 (1.52)
6 [150]	6.625 [168.3]	±0.011 [0.28]	0.100 (2.54)	0.070 (1.78)
8 [200]	8.625 [219.1]	±0.015 [0.38]	0.150 (3.81)	0.090 (2.29)
10 [250]	10.750 [273.1]	±0.015 [0.38]	0.150 (3.81)	0.100 (2.54)
12 [300]	12.750 [323.9]	±0.015 [0.38]	0.150 (3.81)	0.120 (3.05)
14 [350]	14.000 [355.6]	±0.015 [0.380]	0.200 (5.08)	
16 [400]	16.000 [406.4]	±0.019 [0.480]	0.320 (8.13)	

TABLE 2 Wall Thicknesses and Tolerances for CPVC Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, in.^{A,B} [mm]

		Wall Thi	ckness ^A	
Nominal Pipe	Sched	Schedule 40		lule 80
Size	Min	Tolerance	Min	Tolerance
1/4[8]	0.088 [2.24]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.119 [3.02]	+0.020 [0.51]
3/8[10]	0.091 [2.31]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.126 [3.20]	+0.020 [0.51]
1/2[15]	0.109 [2.77]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.147 [3.73]	+0.020 [0.51]
3/4[20]	0.113 [2.87]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.154 [3.91]	+0.020 [0.51]
1 [25]	0.133 [3.38]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.179 [4.55]	+0.021 [0.53]
11/4[32]	0.140 [3.56]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.191 [4.85]	+0.023 [0.58]
11/2[40]	0.145 [3.68]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.200 [5.08]	+0.024 [0.61]
2 [50]	0.154 [3.91]	+0.020 [0.51]	0.218 [5.54]	+0.026 [0.66]
21/2[65]	0.203 [5.16]	+0.024 [0.61]	0.276 [7.01]	+0.033 [0.84]
3 [80]	0.216 [5.49]	+0.026 [0.66]	0.300 [7.62]	+0.036 [0.91]
31/2[90]	0.226 [5.74]	+0.027 [0.68]	0.318 [8.08]	+0.038 [0.96]
4 [100]	0.237 [6.02]	+0.028 [0.71]	0.337 [8.56]	+0.040 [1.02]
5 [125]	0.258 [6.55]	+0.031 [0.79]	0.375 [9.52]	+0.045 [1.14]
6 [150]	0.280 [7.11]	+0.034 [0.86]	0.432 [10.97]	+0.052 [1.32]
8 [200]	0.322 [8.18]	+0.039 [0.99]	0.500 [12.70]	+0.060 [1.52]
10 [250]	0.365 [9.27]	+0.044 [1.12]	0.593 [15.06]	+0.071 [1.80]
12 [300]	0.406 [10.31]	+0.049 [1.24]	0.687 [17.45]	+0.082 [2.08]
14 [350]	0.437 [11.10]	+0.053 [+1.35]	0.750 [19.05]	+0.090 [+2.29]
16 [400]	0.500 [12.70]	+0.060 [+1.52]	0.843 [21.14]	+0.101 [+2.57]

A The minimum is the lowest wall thickness of the pipe at any cross section. All tolerances are on the plus side of the minimum requirement.

than 40 h prior to test in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D 618, for those tests where conditioning is required.

8.2 Test Conditions—Conduct tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere of 73 ± 3.6 °F [23 ± 2 °C] and 50 ± 5 % relative humidity, unless otherwise specified in the test methods or in this specification.

8.3 Sampling—The selection of the sample or samples of pipe shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and the seller. In case of no prior agreement, any sample selected by the testing laboratory shall be deemed adequate.

8.3.1 Test Specimens—Not less than 50 % of the test specimens required for any pressure test shall have at least a part of

the marking in their central sections. The central section is that portion of pipe which is at least one pipe diameter away from an end closure.

8.4 Sustained Pressure Test—Select the test specimens at random. Test individually with water at the internal pressures given in Table 3, six specimens of pipe, each specimen at least ten times the nominal diameter in length, but not less than 10 in. [250 mm] or more than 3 ft [1000 mm] between end closures and bearing the permanent marking on the pipe. Maintain the specimens at the pressure indicated for a period of 1000 h. Hold the pressure as closely as possible, but within ± 10 psi [± 69 kPa]. Condition the specimens at the test

^B These dimensions conform to nominal IPS dimensions.

TABLE 3 Sustained Pressure Test Conditions for Water at 73°F [23°C] for CPVC 4120 Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80

		Pressure Requ	ired for Test ^A	
Nominal Pipe	Sche	Schedule 40		dule 80
Size	psi	[kPa]	psi	[kPa]
1/4[8]	1640	[11 310]	2370	[16 340]
3/6[10]	1310	[9 030]	1930	[13 310]
1/2 [15]	1250	[8 620]	1780	[12 270]
3/4[20]	1010	[6 960]	1440	[9 930]
1 [25]	950	[6 550]	1320	[9 100]
11/4 [32]	770	[5 310]	1090	[7 520]
11/2[40]	690	[4 760]	990	[6 830]
2 [50]	580	[4 000]	850	[5 860]
21/2[65]	640	[4 410]	890	[6 140]
3 [80]	590	[4 070]	790	[5 450]
31/2[90]	500	[3 450]	730	[5 030]
4 [100]	470	[3 240]	680	[4 690]
5 [125]	410	[2 830]	610	[4 210]
6 [150]	370	[2 550]	590	[4 070]
8 [200]	330	[2 280]	520	[3 590]
10 [250]	300	[2 070]	490	[3 380]
12 [300]	280	[1 930]	480	[3 310]
14 [350]	270	[1 890]	470	[3 290]
16 [400]	270	[1 890]	470	[3 290]

^A The fiber stress used to derive these test pressures is 4200 psi [29.0 MPa].

TABLE 4 Burst Pressure Requirements for Water at 73°F [23°C] for CPVC 4120 Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80

	Minimum Burst Pressure ^A			
Nominal Pipe	Sch	edule 40	Schedule 80	
Size	psi	[kPa]	psi	[kPa]
1/4[8]	2490	[17 170]	3620	[24 960]
3/8[10]	1990	[13 720]	2940	[20 270]
1/2[15]	1910	[13 170]	2720	[18 760]
3/4[20]	1540	[10 620]	2200	[15 170]
1 [25]	1440	[9 930]	2020	[13 930]
11/4 [32]	1180	[8 140]	1660	[11 450]
11/2[40]	1060	[7 310]	1510	[10 410]
2 [50]	890	[6 140]	1290	[8 890]
21/2[65]	970	[6 690]	1360	[9 380]
3 [80]	840	[5 790]	1200	[8 270]
31/2[90]	770	[5 310]	1110	[7 650]
4 [100]	710	[4 900]	1040	[7 170]
5 [125]	620	[4 270]	930	[6 410]
6 [150]	560	[3 860]	890	[6 140]
8 [200]	500	[3 450]	790	[5 450]
10 [250]	450	[3 100]	750	[5 170]
12 [300]	420	[2 900]	730	[5 030]
14 [350]	410	[2 870]	720	[5 040]
16 [400]	410	[2 870]	710	[4 970]

^A The fiber stress used to derive these test pressures is 6400 psi [44.1 MPa].

temperature of 73 ± 3.6 °F [23 ± 2 °C]. Test in accordance with Test Method D 1598, except maintain the pressure at the values given in Table 3 for 1000 h. Evidence of failure of the pipe shall be as defined in Test Method D 1598.

8.4.1 Accelerated Regression Test—Test in accordance with procedures in Test Method D 1598, using either free end or restrained end fittings. A minimum of six specimens shall be tested. Test three specimens at a single pressure that will result in failures at or below 0.10 h. Test an additional three specimens at a single pressure that will result in failures at about 200 h. Additional data points may be generated if necessary to improve the LTHS or LCL, or both. No points

shall be excluded unless an obvious defect is detected in the failure area of the test sample, or there was an obvious malfunction of the test equipment. Characterize the data using the least-squares regression described in Test Method D 2837.

Note 6—Caution: Since the rupture of the test specimen is expected in quick burst and high stress regression testing, well shielded test equipment and protective personal equipment should be used when conducting the tests.

8.5 Flattening—Flatten three specimens of the pipe, 2 in. [50 mm] long, between parallel plates in a suitable press until the distance between the plates is 40 % of the outside diameter of the pipe or the walls of the pipe touch, whichever occurs first. The rate of loading shall be uniform and such that the compression is completed within 2 to 5 min. On removal of the load examine the specimens for evidence of splitting, cracking, or breaking.

9. Retest and Rejection

9.1 If the results of any test(s) do not meet the requirements of this specification, the test(s) shall be conducted again only by agreement between the purchaser and the seller. Under such agreement, minimum requirements shall not be lowered, changed, or modified, nor shall specification limits be changed. If upon retest, failure occurs, the quantity of product represented by the test(s) does not meet the requirements of this specification.

10. Marking

10.1 Quality of Marking—The marking shall be applied to the pipe in such a manner that it remains legible (easily read) after installation and inspection.

10.2 Content of Marking:

10.2.1 Marking on the pipe shall include the following, spaced at intervals of not more than 5 ft [1.5 m]:

10.2.1.1 Nominal pipe size (for example, 2 in. [50 mm]),

10.2.1.2 Type of plastic pipe material in accordance with the designation code prescribed in 3.2.4, for example, CPVC 4120,

10.2.1.3 Schedule size (40 or 80, whichever is applicable) and the pressure rating in pounds-force per square inch for water at 73°F [23°C] shown as the number followed by psi (for example, 200 psi [1380 kPa]). When the indicated pressure rating is lower than that calculated in accordance with 8.4 (see appendix), this shall be indicated by placing a star after the pressure rating,

10.2.1.4 This designation "ASTM designation F 441 or F 441M or F 441/F 441M," with which the pipe complies,

10.2.1.5 Manufacturer's name (or trade mark) and code, and 10.2.1.6 Pipe intended for the transport of potable water shall also include the seal or mark of the laboratory making the evaluation for this purpose, spaced at intervals specified by the laboratory.

Note 7-Manufacturers using the seal or mark of a laboratory must obtain prior authorization from the laboratory concerned.

11. Quality Assurance

11.1 When the product is marked with this designation, F 441/ F 441M, the manufacturer affirms that the product was manufactured, inspected, sampled, and tested in accordance

with this specification and has been found to meet the requirements of this specification.

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

POTABLE WATER REQUIREMENT

This requirement applies whenever a regulatory authority or user calls for product to be used to convey or to be in contact with potable water.

S1. Potable Water Requirement—Products intended for contact with potable water shall be evaluated, tested, and certified for conformance with ANSI/NSF Standard No. 61 or

the health effects portion of NSF Standard No. 14 by an acceptable certifying organization when required by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

GOVERNMENT / MILTARY PROCUREMENT

These requirements apply only to federal/military procurement, not domestic sales of transfers.

- S2. Responsibility for Inspection—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. The producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless the purchaser disapproves. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Note}}$ 8—In U.S. federal contracts, the contractor is responsible for inspection.
- S3. Packaging and Marking for U.S. Government Procurement:
- S3.1 Packaging—Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the materials shall be packaged in accordance with the supplier's standard practice in a manner ensuring arrival at destination in satisfactory condition and which will be acceptable to the carrier at lowest rates. Containers and packing shall comply with Uniform Freight Classification rules or National Motor Freight Classification rules.
- S3.2 *Marking*—Marking for shipment shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies and MIL-STD-129 for military agencies.
- Note 9—The inclusion of U.S. Government procurement requirements should not be construed as an indication that the U.S. Government uses or endorses the products described in this specification.

APPENDIX

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. SOURCE OF HYDROSTATIC DESIGN STRESSES

- X1.1 The hydrostatic design stress recommended by the Plastics Pipe Institute is used to pressure rate CPVC plastic pipe. This hydrostatic design stress is 2000 psi [13.80 MPa] for water at 73°F [23°C]. This hydrostatic design stress applies only to pipe meeting all the requirements of this specification.
- X1.2 One CPVC pipe material is included based on the requirements of Specification D 1784 and the PPI-recommended hydrostatic design stress for water at 73°F [23°C], as follows:
- X1.2.1 Type IV, Grade 1 (23447), with a hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi [13.80 MPa], designated as CPVC4120.
- X1.3 The standard method for obtaining hydrostatic basis for thermoplastic pipe materials is Test Method D 2837. Additional information regarding the test method and other criteria used in developing these hydrostatic design stresses may be obtained from the Plastics Pipe Institute, a division of The Society of the Plastics Industry, 1275 K Street NW, Suite 400, Washington, DC 20005. These hydrostatic design stresses may not be suitable for materials that show a wide departure from a straight-line plot of log stress versus log time to failure. All the data available to date on CPVC pipe materials made in the United States exhibit a straight-line plot under these plotting conditions.

X1.4 The pipe is rated for use with water at 73°F [23°C] at the maximum internal pressures shown in Table X1.1 and Table X1.2. Lower pressure rating than those calculated in accordance with 8.4 may be recommended, at the option of the pipe manufacturer, in which case the SDR shall be included in the marking. Experience of the industry indicates that CPVC plastic pipe meeting the requirements of this specification gives satisfactory service under normal conditions for a long period at these pressure ratings. The sustained pressure requirements are related to these ratings through the slopes of the strength-time plots of these materials in pipe form.

X1.5 The hydrostatic design stresses recommended by the Plastics Pipe Institute are based on tests made on pipe ranging

TABLE X1.1 Water Pressure Ratings at 73°F [23°C] for CPVC 4120^A Plastic Pipe, Schedule 40

Nominal Pipe	Pressure	essure Ratings ^B		
Size	psi	[kPa]		
1/4[8]	780	[5 380]		
³ / ₈ [10]	620	[4 270]		
1/2[15]	600	[4 140]		
3/4[20]	480	[3 310]		
1 [25]	450	[3 100]		
11/4[32]	370	[2 550]		
11/2[40]	330	[2 280]		
2 [50]	280	[1 930]		
21/2[65]	300	[2 070]		
3 [80]	260	[1 790]		
31/2[90]	240	[1 650]		
4 [100]	220	[1 520]		
5 [125]	190	[1 310]		
6 [150]	180	[1 240]		
8 [200]	160	[1 100]		
10 [250]	140	[970]		
12 [300]	130	[900]		
14 [350]	130	[900]		
16 [400]	130	[900]		

^A See appendix for code designation.

TABLE X1.2 Water Pressure Ratings at 73°F [23°C] for CPVC4120 Plastic Pipe, Schedule 80

Nominal Pipe	Unth	readed	Threaded	
Size	psi	[kPa]	psi	[kPa]
1/4[8]	1130	[7 790]	570	[3 930]
3/8[10]	920	[6 340]	460	[3 170]
1/2 [15]	850	[5 860]	420	[2 900]
3/4[20]	690	[4 760]	340	[2 340]
1 [25]	630	[4 340]	320	[2 210]
11/4 [32]	520	[3 590]	260	[1 790]
11/2[40]	470	[3 240]	240	[1 650]
2 [50]	400	[2 760]	200	[1 380]
21/2[65]	420	[2 900]	210	[1 450]
3 [80]	370	[2 550]	190	[1 310]
31/2[90]	350	[2 410]	170	[1 170]
4 [100]	320	[2 210]	160	[1 100]
5 [125]	290	[2 000]	140	[970]
6 [150]	280	[1 930]	140	[970]
8 [200]	250	[1 720]	120	[830]
10 [250]	230	[1 590]	120	[830]
12 [300]	230	[1 590]	110	[760]
14 [350]	220	[1 540]		
16 [400]	220	[1 540]		

in size from ½ to 2 in.

X1.6 These derating factors are suitable for CPVC pipe conveying water at elevated temperatures. To determine elevated temperature rating, multiply 73°F [23°C] pressure rating by appropriate factor as follows (For pressure rating at 180°F, see Table X1.3.):

	Temperature	Derating Factor
°F	. [°C]	, and the second
73 to 80	[22.5 to 26.7]	1.0
90	[32.2]	0.91
100	[37.8]	0.82
120	[48.9]	0.65
140	[60.0]	0.50
160	[71.1]	0.40
180	[82.2]	0.25
200	[93.3]	0.20

TABLE X1.3 Water Pressure Ratings at 180°F [82°C] for CPVC 4120 Plastic Pipe, Schedule 40 and 80 [kPa]

Nominal Pipe Size	Schedule 40	Schedule 80 Unthreaded	Schedule 80 Threaded
1/4[8]	195 [1 340]	280 [1 930]	140 [970]
3/8[10]	155 [1 070]	230 [1 590]	115 [790]
1/2[15]	150 [1 030]	210 [1 450]	105 [720]
3/4 [20]	120 [830]	170 [1 170]	85 [590]
1 [25]	110 [760]	155 [1 070]	80 [550]
11/4 [32]	90 [620]	130 [900]	65 [450]
11/2[40]	80 [550]	115 [790]	60 [410]
2 [50]	70 [480]	100 [690]	50 [340]
21/2[65]	75 [520]	105 [720]	50 [340]
3 [80]	65 [450]	90 [620]	45 [310]
31/2[90]	60 [410]	85 [590]	40 [280]
4 [100]	55 [380]	80 [550]	40 [280]
5 [125]	45 [310]	70 [480]	35 [240]
6 [150]	45 [310]	70 [480]	35 [240]
8 [200]	40 [280]	60 [410]	30 [210]
10 [250]	35 [240]	55 [380]	30 [210]
12 [300]	30 [210]	55 [380]	25 [170]
14 [350]	30 [210]	55 [380]	25 [170]
16 [400]	30 [210]	55 [380]	25 [170]

^B These pressure ratings apply only to unthreaded pipe. The industry does not recommend threading CPVC plastic pipe in Schedule 40 dimensions in nominal pipe sizes 6 in. [150 mm] and smaller.

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